#### UNIVERSITY OF PUNE FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT <u>POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN FINANCIAL SERVICES (PGDFS)</u> ONE YEAR, TWO SEMESTER PART TIME PROGRAMME REVISED CURRICULUM w.e.f. A.Y.2013-2014

# 1. TITLE OF THE PROGRAMME: POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN FINANCIAL SERVICES (PGDFS)

2. **PREAMBLE:** The revised curriculum for the PGDFS programme is developed keeping in mind the changes in the practices of the banking sector, capital markets, regulation and the evolution in technology. The expectations of industry are also factored into the programme.

Objectives:

- 1. To provide young graduates an opportunity to gain insights into financial services through formal University education and training.
- 2. To provide participants with an opportunity to develop knowledge of basic concepts, insights into quality financial services and sharpen the decision making process.
- **3. INTRODUCTION:** The programme comprises of 2 Semesters.

# 3.1 Credits

The programme is a combination of:

- a) Full Credit Courses (100 Marks each) : 3 Credits each
- b) Half Credit Courses (50 Marks each) : 2 Credits each

Total Credits: 31 Credits (1000 Marks)

- a) 9 Full Credit Courses \* 3 credits per course = 27 Credits
- b) 2 Half Credit Courses \*2 credits per course = 4 Credits

In the Credit system the emphasis is on the **hours put in by the learner and not on the workload of the teacher**. Each credit can be visualized as a combination of 3 **components viz. Lecture (L) + Tutorials (T) + Practicals / Project Work (P) i.e. LTP Pattern.** 

In terms of credits, for a period of one semester of 15 weeks:

- a) every ONE hour session per week of L amounts to 1 credit per semester
- b) a minimum of TWO hours per week of T amounts to 1 credit per semester,
- c) a minimum of TWO hours per week of P amounts to 1 credit per semester,

The effort of the learner for each Credit Point may be considered under two parts –

- a) The hours actually spent in class room / practical / field work instructions and
- b) The notional hours spent by the Learner in self study, in the library, peer interactions, case study, writing of journals and assignments, projects etc for the completion of that course.

Teaching / learning sessions are to be interpreted in a broader perspective as follows:

- a) Teaching Learning Processes: Classroom sessions, Group Exercises, Seminars, Small Group Projects, etc.
- b) Evaluation: Tutorials, Class Tests, Presentations, Field work, Assignments, etc.

**3.2 Adoption of Credit and Grading System:** As per national and international trends, it is proposed to adopt the Credit and Grading System for the PGDFS programme.

# Salient features of the grading system:

- 1. Learners are placed in ability bands that represent a range of scores. These ability bands may vary according to the number of categories for the classification of the performance of the learners. This ability range may be designated with alphabetical letters called as GRADE.
- 2. The system of awarding grades would provide a more realistic picture of learner's ability than the prevailing marking system.
- 3. Grading is a far more satisfactory method than the numerical marking system as it reflects an individual learner's performance in the form of a certain level of achievement.
- 4. The Grading system ensures natural classification in qualitative terms rather than quantitative terms since it expresses a range /band of scores to which a learner belongs such as O,A,B,C,D,E & F.
- 5. The award of grades provides a permanent record of the learner's growth and development that might be helpful for institutions of higher education for allocating seats for prospective employers.
- 6. Grading does not require making fine distinctions in performance when no such distinctions actually exist.
- 7. It is based on a realistic concept of 'errors of measurement'.
- 8. Grades are relatively free from extraneous factors like difficulty of the examination, examiner bias, nature of the subject being examined, etc.
- 9. Grades can be interpreted easily and directly and can be used to prepare an accurate 'profile' of a learner'

**Basics of Credit and Grading System:** Grading, is a method of reporting the result of a learner's performance subsequent to his evaluation. It involves a set of alphabets which are clearly defined and designated and uniformly understood by all the stake holders. A properly introduced grading system not only provides for a comparison of the learners' performance but it also indicates the quality of performance with respect to the amount of efforts put in and the amount of knowledge acquired at the end of the course by the learners.

It is proposed to use the **Indirect and Absolute Credit and Grade Point System for the PGDFS programme**, i.e. the assessment of individual Courses in the concerned examinations will be on the basis of marks, but the marks shall later be converted into Grades by some mechanism wherein the overall performance of the Learners can be reflected after considering the Credit Points for any given course. However, the **overall evaluation shall be designated in terms of Grade**.

**3.3 Session Duration:** Each teaching-learning, evaluation session shall be of 60 minutes.

**4. ELIGIBILITY:** A student seeking admission to this course must have the following qualifications:

- 1) Bachelor's degree of any statutory University or other recognized foreign university.
- Any Diploma awarded by Board of Technical Education of any State Government or Central Government (post SSC three years' Diploma with 2 years post Diploma experience or post HSC two years' Diploma with one year post Diploma experience)
- 5. EXAMINATION: Pattern of Examination: The evaluation scheme comprises of:
  - a) University Evaluation (50 Marks)
  - b) Concurrent Evaluation (50 Marks)

**5.1 University Evaluation:** There shall be University evaluation for each full credit course as per the time table announced by the University. There shall be a Written Examination (subjective – concept plus case study / application oriented type) for 50 marks by the University for each Full Credit Course.

**5.1.2 Instructions to External Paper Setters / Chairman / Examiners:** For University evaluation (Written Examination – subjective type of 50 marks) of each full credit course the question pattern shall be as follows:

Question Paper Pattern:-

1) There shall be five questions each of 10 marks.

2) All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

3) A Question may be subdivided into sub-questions a, b, c... and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

Questions shall be set to assess knowledge acquired, standard application of knowledge, application of knowledge in new situations, critical evaluation of knowledge and the ability to synthesize knowledge. The question setter shall ensure that questions covering all skills are set. The question setter shall also submit model answer and a detailed scheme of evaluation along with the question paper.

The duration of written examination shall be 2 hours. Students shall be provided a single answer sheet of 16 pages. They must ensure that their responses fit within the provided answer sheet. Additional supplements shall not be provided.

**5.2 Concurrent Evaluation:** There shall be Concurrent evaluation for 50 marks for each full credit course. Half credit courses shall be evaluated for 50 marks through Concurrent evaluation. As a part of concurrent evaluation the students shall be *evaluated on a continuous basis* by the Institute to ensure that student learning takes place in a graded manner. *There shall be no University evaluation for half credit courses*.

Suggested components for Concurrent Evaluation (CE) are:

- 1. Case Study / Caselet / Situation Analysis (Group Activity or Individual Activity)
- 2. Class Test
- 3. Open Book Test
- 4. Field Visit / Study tour and report of the same
- 5. Small Group Project & Internal Viva-Voce
- 6. Learning Diary
- 7. Scrap Book
- 8. Group Discussion
- 9. Role Play / Story Telling
- 10. Individual Term Paper / Thematic Presentation
- 11. Written Home Assignment
- 12. Industry Analysis (Group Activity or Individual Activity)
- 13. Literature Review / Book Review
- 14. Model Development / Simulation Exercises (Group Activity or Individual Activity)
- 15. In-depth Viva
- 16.Quiz

Performance of the students in each component of the Concurrent Evaluation shall be communicated immediately to the students by the Institute by displaying them on the Institute's Notice Board/Website.

Detailed record of the Concurrent Evaluation shall be maintained by the Institute. The same shall be made available to the University, on demand.

Marks for the concurrent evaluation must be communicated by the Institute to the University before the commencement of relevant Semester end University Evaluation.

**5.3 Project:** During the Second Semester each student shall undertake a *Project*. The student shall submit a written structured report based on work done during this period.

Project may be research project – based on primary / secondary data or may be an operational assignment involving working by the student on a given task / assignment / project / etc. in an organization.

Since most students enrolled for the PGDFS programme are expected to be working students, such working students may complete the Project at their workplace.

The report should be well documented and supported by -

- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Organizational profile
- 3. Outline of the problem/task undertaken
- 4. Research methodology & data analysis (in case of research projects)
- 5. Relevant activity charts, tables, graphs, diagrams,
- 6. Learning of the student through the project
- 7. Contribution to the host organization
- 8. References in appropriate styles.

It should reflect the nature and quantum of work undertaken by the student. *The learning outcomes and utility to the organization must be specifically highlighted.* The completion of the Project shall be certified by the Faculty Guide & approved by the Director of the Institute. The external organization shall also certify the Project work. The student shall submit **TWO hard copies & one soft copy (CD)** of the project report before 31<sup>st</sup> March in Sem II.

In the interest of environmental considerations, students are encouraged to print their project reports on both faces of the paper.

There shall be an external viva-voce for the Project for 100 marks. The examiner's panel for the same shall include one external faculty member nominated by the University and one internal faculty member nominated by the Director.

The External viva-voce panel shall evaluate the project based on:

- 1. Actual work undertaken by the student
- 2. Student's understanding of the organization and business environment
- 3. Outcome of the project
- 4. Utility of the project to the organization
- 5. Basic analytical capabilities

Copies of Project report and records of evaluation shall be maintained by the Institute for a period of 3 academic years.

**5.4 Standard of Passing:** Every candidate must secure atleast Grade E in Concurrent Evaluation as well as University Examination as separate heads of passing for each course.

# Diploma Requirements:

- a) **Earned Credits:** The Diploma requirements for the PGDFS programme is completion of 31 earned credits.
- b) **Final Grade Point Requirement:** A student must obtain the Final Grade Point of a minimum of 00.50 to be eligible for the award of the PGDFS Diploma.

**5.4.1 Conversion of Marks to Grade Points & Grades:** The marks shall be converted to grade points and grades using Table I below.

Sr. No.	Marks	Grade	Grade Point			
1	100 – 75	O – Outstanding	06			
2	74 – 65	A – Very Good	05			
3	64 -55	B – Good	04			
4	54 – 50	C – Average	03			
5	49 – 45	D – Satisfactory	02			
6	44 - 40	E – Pass	01			
7	39 - 0	F – Fail	00			

# **Table I: Points Grading System**

The description of the final grades shall be as follows:

# O: Outstanding (Excellent Analysis of the topic - 75% and above)

Accurate knowledge of the primary material, wide range of reading, logical development of ideas, originality in approaching the subject. Neat and systematic organization of content, elegant and lucid style.

# A: Very Good (Excellent Analysis of the topic - 65 to 74 %)

Accurate knowledge of the primary material, acquaintance with seminal publications, logical development of ideas. Neat and systematic organization of content, effective and clear expression.

#### B : Good (Good Analysis and treatment of the topic - 55 to 64 %)

Basic knowledge of the primary material, logical development of ideas. Neat and systematic organization of content, effective and clear expression.

# C : Average (Some important points covered – 50 to 54%)

Basic knowledge of the primary material, logical development of ideas. Neat and systematic organization of content, good language or clear expression.

#### D: Satisfactory (Some points discussed – 45 to 49%)

Basic knowledge of the primary material, some organization of content, acceptable language or expression.

# E: Pass (Any two of the above – 40 to 44%)

# F: Fail (None of the above - 0 to 39%)

# The performance of a student will be evaluated in terms of two indices, viz.

- a) Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) which is the Grade Point Average for a semester
- b) *Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)* which is the Grade Point Average for all the completed semesters at any point in time.

Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA): At the end of each semester, SGPA is calculated as the weighted average of GPI of all courses in the current semester in which the student has passed, the weights being the credit values of respective courses.

**SGPA =** Grade Points divided by the summation of Credits of all Courses.

 $\sum \{C * GPI\}$ SGPA = ------ for a semester.  $\sum C$ 

Where GPI is the Grade and C is credit for the respective Course.

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA): Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is the grade point average for all completed semesters. CGPA is calculated as the weighted average of all GPI of all courses in which the student has passed up to the current semester.

# Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) for the Entire Course

 $\sum_{\substack{\Sigma \in \Sigma \\ \Sigma \subset \Sigma}} \{C * GPI\}$  for all semesters taken together.

Where GPI is the Grade and C is credit for the respective Course.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** 

If a student secures F grade in either or both of Concurrent Evaluation or University Evaluation for a particular course his /her credits earned for that course shall be ZERO.

5.5 Scaling Down of Concurrent Evaluation Scores: The marks obtained by the student for the Concurrent Evaluation components conducted by the Institute, in the Full Credit Courses, in Sem I and Sem II, shall be scaled down, to the required extent, if such percentage of marks are more than 20% of the marks scored in the University Examination for the respective course.

5.6 Attendance: The student must meet the requirement of 75% attendance per semester per course for granting the term. The Director shall have the right to withhold the student from appearing for examination of a specific course if the above requirement is not fulfilled.

5.7 ATKT Rules: Candidate has to earn credits for a course in not more than 4 attempts. Admission for the PGDFS programme shall be valid for 3 Academic Years.

5.8 Award of Grade Cards: The University of Pune under its seal shall issue to the student a grade card on completion of each semester. The final Grade Card issued at the end of the final semester shall contain the details of all courses taken during the entire programme for obtaining the degree.

Final Grades: After calculating the SGPA for an individual semester and the CGPA for entire programme, the value shall be matched with the grade in the Final Grade Points Table (as per Table II) and expressed as a single designated GRADE such as O, A, B, C,D,E,F.

#### **Table II: Final Grade Points**

Sr. No.	Grade Points	Grade
1	05.00 to 6.00	O - Outstanding
2	04.50 to 04.99	A – Very Good
3	03.50 to 04.49	B – Good
4	02.50 to 03.49	C – Average
5	01.50 to 02.49	D – Satisfactory
6	00.50 to 01.49	E – Pass
7	00.00 to 00.49	F – Fail

A student who secures grade E or above in a course is said to have completed /earned the credits assigned to the course. A student who completed the minimum credits required for the PGDFS programme shall be declared to have completed the programme.

NOTE:

The Grade Card for the final semester shall indicate the following, amongst other details:

- a) Grades for concurrent and university evaluation, separately, for all courses offered by the student during the entire programme along with the grade for the total score.
- b) SGPA for each semester.
- c) CGPA for final semester.
- d) Total Marks Scored out of Maximum Marks for the entire programme, with break-up of Marks Scored in Concurrent Evaluation and University Evaluation.
- e) Marks scored shall not be recorded on the Grade Card for intermediate semesters.
- f) The grade card shall also show the 7 point scale and the formula to convert GPI, SGPA, and/or CGPA to percent marks.
- g) The final GPA shall not be printed unless the student earns the minimum 31 credits required for earning the PGDFS diploma.
- h) B Grade is equivalent to atleast 55% marks.
- i) If the GPA is higher than the indicated upper limit in the three decimal digit, then the student may be awarded higher final grade e.g. a student getting a GPA of 4.492 may be awarded grade A.

**5.9 External Students:** There is no provision of external students.

**5.10 Verification / Revaluation:** Students can avail the verification / revaluation facility as per the prevailing policy, guidelines and norms of the University of Pune.

# 6. STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMME: The programme is a combination of:

- a) Full Credit Courses (100 Marks each) : 3 Credits each
- b) Half Credit Courses (50 Marks each) : 2 Credits each

#### Spread of Full & Half Credit Courses:

Semester	Full Credit Courses (100	Half Credit Courses (50	Total Courses (C
	Marks) (A)	Marks) (B)	= A + B)
1	4	2	6
11	5	0	5
Total	9	2	11

The programme has 9 Full Credit Courses (100 Marks each) and of 3 Credits each.

The programme has 2 Half Credit Courses (50 Marks each) and of 2 Credits each. Thus the entire programme has 11 Courses of 31 credits in all.

# 6.1 Programme Structure for Post Graduate Diploma in Financial Services Management (PGDFS)

	Semester I								
Course		Concurrent	University						
Code	Course	Evaluation	Evaluation	Total	Credits				
101	Merchant Banking and								
	Financial Services	50	50	100	3				
102	Money & Capital Markets	50	50	100	3				
103	Financial Regulatory								
	Framework	50	50	100	3				
104	Investment Products and								
	Characteristics	50	50	100	3				
105	Income Tax - Personal								
	Taxation	50	0	50	2				
106	Understanding of Financial								
	Statements – Banking	50	0	50	2				
	TOTAL	300	200	500	16				

	Semester II								
Course			Concurrent	University					
Code	Course		Evaluation	Evaluation	Total	Credits			
201	Financial Instruments	and							
	Derivatives		50	50	100	3			
202	Equity Research	with							
	Financial Modeling		50	50	100	3			
203	Wealth & Portfolio								
	Management		50	50	100	3			
204	Risk & Insurance								
	Management		50	50	100	3			
205	Project Work		00	100	100	3			
	TOTAL		200	300	500	15			

6.2 Medium of Instruction: The medium of Instruction & Evaluation shall be English.

# 7. EQUIVALENCE OF PREVIOUS SYLLABUS WITH THE REVISED SYLLABUS: The

equivalence of the previous syllabus with the revised syllabus is provided below.

	Existing Pattern		Revised Pattern (2013)
	SEMESTER I		
101	Financial and Cost Accounting	104	Investment Products and
			Characteristics
102	Statistics and Operations	202	Equity Research with Financial
	Research , EDP / MIS		Modeling
103	Taxation (Direct and Indirect Taxes)	105	Income Tax - Personal Taxation
104	Financial Management, Maths and	106	0
	Finance (Quantitative methods)		Statements – Banking
105	Project Management, Sustainable		- Nil -
	Competitive Advantage		
106	Financial Services	101	Merchant Banking and Financial
			Services
107	Financial Institutions	103	Financial Regulatory Framework
	SEMESTER II		
201	Economic Legislation		- Nil-
202	Financial Services – II (a) Portfolio	203	Wealth & Portfolio Management
	Management, (b) Investment		
	Analysis , (c) Marketing		
203	International Finance	204	Risk & Insurance Management
204	Company law, SEBI and FEMA		- Nil-
205	Financial Markets	102	Money & Capital Markets
206	Special Studies in Financial	201	Financial Instruments and
	Services (Seminar Course) *		Derivatives

207	Year long project	205	Project Work

**8. UNIVERSITY TERMS:** The dates for the commencement and conclusion of the first and the second terms shall be as determined by the University Authorities. The terms can be kept only by duly admitted students. The present relevant ordinances pertaining to grant of terms will be applicable.

**9. Course wise detailed syllabus:** Course wise detailed syllabus along with recommended text books, reference books, websites, journals, etc. is provided in Annexure I.

Note:

- 1. In the detailed syllabus, Number of Sessions indicated are as follows: 7 + 1 indicates 7 teaching sessions and 1 evaluation sessions. Kindly note that the numbers indicated are indicative and not prescriptive.
- 2. Faculty members and students should refer to the latest edition of the relevant books, wherever such latest editions are available.

**10. Teaching Faculty:** Besides full time faculty members, Part time, adjunct, and visiting faculty members should be invited to conduct the professional courses. Faculty should normally satisfy one of the following criteria:

(a) Master's degree of recognized University of a subject in question or Professional qualifications such as C.A.,I. C.W.A., C.S. etc.

(b) Master's Degree of recognized University in any faculty with at least two years professional experience related to given subject.

				ANNE	XURE I		
Serr	nester		]	Credits		3	
Cou	Course Code 101 Course Type Full Credit Course			urse			
Cou	rse Ti	tle	Mercha	nt Banking a	nd Financial	Services	
		bjectives:					
1					g services an	d to understand the	procedure
2		ublic issue ma rovide in-den			various financ		
3						ons within organizat	ions
0		iding financia				ono within organizat	10113
Syll	abus						
Unit		Contents					Number of Sessions
1		managemer procedures, - History, Ro transactions	nt of publ BSE, NS ble, funct s, regulati	ic equity / de SE and Over ions, trading ions of stock	benture issue The counter operations a exchanges	Exchange of India nd settlement of	7+1
2.		issue manaç post-issue a	ger, activ ictivities,	ities involved various met	d in public iss hods of marke	anism, role of ue, pre-issue & eting of new issues, Mobilizing fixed	7+1
3.	11.	corporate Lo M&A service adopted to a step wise pr Portfolio Ma portfolio ma agreement b furnished, co Portfolio Ma Credit Synd syndicate lo	bans, Ra es (types avoid hos ocedure nagemen nager, du between ode of co nagers) ication se ans, type	ising term Fi of merger, h stile merger & for amalgam nt services - uties, respon client and po onduct ( regu ervices - mea es, procedure	nostile mergen & valuation m nation meaning, sco sibilities, righ ortfolio manag	oan Syndication, r, strategies ethods), takeover, ope, registration of ts, contents of ger, reports to be EBI Regulation on ions offering raisal,	7+1
4.		Financial S finance, Bill Credit rating finance, insu financing	ervices financing ls, Mutua urance se	- an overvie g, Factoring a Il funds, Ven ervices, Seci	w, leasing, Hi & Forfaiting, ( ture capital fin uritization and	re purchase Consumer Finance, nancing, Housing I venture capital	7+1
5.		the above so			topics & Late	est development in	7+1

Lea	arning Resource	s:				
1	Text Books	1. Merchant Banking & Financial Services – Dr. S. Gurusamy				
		2. Financial Services – M.Y.Khan				
2	Reference	1. Marketing of Financial Services – V.A.Avdhani				
	Books	2. Advanced Financial Management – Kohak				
		3. Financial Management – Khan & Jain				
		4. Corporate Finance – Theory & Practice – Aswath Damodaran				
3	Supplementary	1.Relevant text of SEBI Guidelines & Latest developments in the				
	Reading	above segments				
	Material					
4	Websites	1. <u>www.sebi.gov.in</u>				
5	Journals	1. Indian Journal of Financial Services Management				
		2. Journal of Applied Corporate Finance				

Semester		Credits	_3
Course Code	102	Course Type	Full Credit Course
Course Title	Money and	d Capital Markets	

Οοι	urse Objectives:
1	To understand of money and capital markets structure
2	To understand the importance of money and capital markets in resources mobilization
3	To create the awareness among the students of various instruments and regulation of money and capital markets

#### Syllabus:

Syllabus		
Unit Number	Contents	Number of Sessions
1	Indian Financial System :Financial Markets :Meaning ,overview ,function and constituents of Financial Markets, Indian financial Market Vs Global financial Market .	7 + 1
2	Indian Money Market :Structure and composition on money market,Money market instruments, functions of money market, Secondary market for money market instruments	7 + 1
3	Indian Capital Market: Evolution and growth, constituents ,capital market instruments ,Major issues in Indian capital market ,Foreign Exchange market instruments	7 + 1
4	Regulation of Indian Capital Market : SEBI Functions and working, SEBI guidelines for primary market ,recommendations of committees on regulatory framework.	7 + 1
5	Stock Exchanges: meaning features types and recent development of stock exchange, Stock trading on BSE and NSE, Stock Market Index, Stock market trading mechanisms, Online stock trading, OTC Exchange	7 + 1

Lea	arning Resources	
1	Text Books	Bhole,L.M. Financial Institutions And Markets, TATA Mc Graw- Hill,New Delhi
2	Reference Books	GuruSamy,S: Financial Services and Markets ,Thomson Learning,Singapore
3.	Supplementary Reading Material	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act,1992 Nabhi Manual of SEBI Guidelines (1994):Nabhi Publications,New Delhi
4.	Websites	1.www.nseindia.com 2.www.bseindia.com 3.www.moneycontrol.com
5.	Journal	Indian Journal of finance

Semester	Ι	Credits	3
Course Code	103	Course Type	Full Credit Course
Course Title	Financial F	Regulatory Framework	

Сс	Course Objectives:	
1	To acquaint the students with the need and structure of regulatory framework in India	
2	To provide an understanding of the various regulatory authorities in financial sector	

Syllabu		
Unit Numb er	Contents	Number of Sessior s
1	NEED AND IMPORTANCE	5 + 1
	Need and importance of regulatory framework in finance field – structure of regulatory framework in India	
2	REGULATORY BODIES         Role & Functions of regulatory bodies         A] Reserve Bank of India.         B] SEBI         C] Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority         D] Pension Funds Regulatory and Development Authority         E] Board for payment and settlement systems         F] Board for financial supervision         G] Competition Commission.	8 + 1
3	<b>COMPANIES ACT 1956</b> Companies Act 1956 –prospectus – share capital- borrowing powers – accounts and audit – directors – restructuring – winding up	7 + 1
4	<b>REGULATORY FRAMEWORK FOR INTERANTIONAL FUNDS</b> Regulatory framework for raising funds through GDRs and ADRs – external commercial borrowings – FDI, FII	7+1
5	<b>FEMA</b> Foreign direct investments, Foreign Institutional Investments , provisions of FEMA regarding acquiring property outside India	8 + 1

Le	earning Resour	rces:
1	Text Books	Merchant Banking and Financial Services, Guruswamy, Third
		Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
		Money and Capital Markets, Peter Rose, McGraw Hill Education
		Company Law: N.D.Kapoor

2	Reference Books	Monetary theory and practice: Suraj Gupta Monetary theory and practice: K.P.M.Sundharam. Stock Exchanges, Investments and Derivatives, V Raghunathan, Prabina Rajib, Tata McGraw Hill
3	Supplementa ry Reading Material	Insider Trading: Perspectives and Cases, Jayshree Bose, ICFAI Press
4	Websites	RBI, IRDA, SEBI
5	Journals	The Chartered Secretary - Journal of Institute of Company Secretaries of India - New Delhi

Semester	]	Credits	3
Course Code	104	Course Type	Full Credit Course
Course Title	urse Title Investment Products and Characteristics		ristics

Course Objectives:
--------------------

1	To understand concept of Savings and Investment.
2	To understand need of Investment.

2 To understand need of Investment.3 To gain knowledge of Various Investment Products.

Syllabu	S:	
Unit Numb er	Contents	Number of Session s
1	<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION: Meaning of Savings and Investment; Various Investment Avenues; Interrelationship amongst Inflation, Cost of Capital, Time Value of Money, Propensity to hold cash and future goals.</li> <li>Stock Market: Primary market; Secondary market; Type of Shares; Share Issue and Buy Back, Debentures and Bonds; Types of Debentures; Derivatives market; Stock Exchanges; Stock Indices; IPO, FPO, Private Placement; Private equity and Venture capital.</li> <li>Buying &amp; selling of Shares and related Terminology, Equity Derivatives.</li> <li>Preference Shares; Types of Preference Shares;</li> </ul>	7 + 1
2	Debt Market: Retail debt market, Wholesale debt market, Corporate bonds Bonds and Debentures; Types of Bonds; Bond Prices; Calculation of Current Yield, Holding Period Return, Yield to Maturity, Bond intrinsic Values, Duration, Government Securities Market, Calculation of Yield and Valuation of Government Securities	7 + 1
3	Commodity Markets: Commodity Trading; Spot, Forward, Futures and Options Contracts Trading in Bullions, Plantations, Metals, Oil, Coal, Gas, Agriculture Commodities, Edible Oil etc. Emerging carbon credit markets, Trading in carbon Credits Study of Commodities Traded at CBOT, COMEX, NYMEX, MCX and NCDEX	7 + 1
4	<b>Mutual funds:</b> Definition, products, Asset Management Company (AMC), Association of Mutual Funds Industry (AMFI), Money Market Mutual Funds, Exchange Traded Funds, Equity Linked Savings Schemes	7 + 1

	Post office Savings schemes, Fixed Deposits of Banks and Companies, Insurance Products, ULIP's <b>Money Market Instruments:</b> Inter Bank Call Money; Market Repo; Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Obligation (CBLO); Commercial Paper; Certificates of Deposit; Inter Corporate Deposits; Treasury Bills.	
5	<ul> <li>Real Estate Investment: Real Estate Investment Features and Characteristics, Impact of Inflation and Interest rates;</li> <li>Determinants of value; Real Estate Valuation, Estimating Market Value; Investment Decision; Problem of liquidity in Real Estate.</li> <li>Foreign Exchange Markets: Spot Contracts and Derivative Contracts</li> <li>FCCB's, ECB's, Foreign Portfolio Investment, ADR's, GDR's.</li> </ul>	7 + 1

Le	earning Resour	rces:
1	Text Books	Investment Management, V K Bhalla, S. Chand & Co. Ltd, New Delhi 15 <sup>th</sup> Edition (Page No. 199 to Page No 480)
2	Reference Books	Commodity Markets, Operations, Instruments and Applications, N N Chatnani, Tata McGraw Hill Fundamentals of Financial Instruments: An Introduction to Stocks, Bonds, Foreign Exchange and Derivatives, Parameswaran, Wiley Money and Capital Markets, Peter Rose, McGraw Hill Education
		Stock Exchanges, Investments and Derivatives, V Raghunathan, Prabina Rajib, Tata McGraw Hill
3	Supplementa ry Reading Material	NCFM Study material available on: <u>www.nseindia.com/education/content/education.htm</u> Capital Markets, Dalal Street
4	Websites	www.moneycontrol.com, www.bseindia.com, http://money.msn.com/, www.valueresearchonline.com/, http://topics.bloomberg.com/india/ www.mcxindia.com/, http://www.ncdex.com/, http://www.useindia.com/, www.amfiindia.com/,
5	Journals	Journal of Finance Global Finance Journal Journal of Property Valuation and Investment Review of Financial Economics

Semester	]	Credits	2
Course Code	105	Course Type	Half Credit Course
Course Title Income Tax - Personal Taxation			

# Course Objectives:

1	To introduce basic of income tax related to personal taxation
2	To provide in-depth knowledge income tax laws related to personal taxation
3	To teach how to calculate tax liability of individuals

Syllabus:		
Unit Number	Contents	Number of Sessions
1	INTRODUCTION TO INCOME TAX- Income Tax Act 1961. Definitions, Short title, extent and commencement, Previous year defined, Charge of income-tax, Scope of total income, Residence in India, Income deemed to be received, Income deemed to accrue or arise in India, Incomes not included in total income.	5 + 1
2	INCOME FROM SALARY - Heads of income, Expenditure incurred in relation to income not includible in total income, Salaries, Deductions from salaries, "Salary", "perquisite" and "profits in lieu of salary" defined, Calculation of income from salary, Deductions u/s 80 C, Set off and carry forward.	5 + 1
3	INCOME FROM HOUSE PROPERTY - Calculation of Income from house property, Determination of Annual value of house property, Deductions from income from house property, Amounts not deductible from income from house property, Property owned by co-owners, Owner of house property", "annual charge", etc., defined	5 + 1
4	INCOME FROM OTHER SOURCES - Introduction to Income from other sources, deductions, Amount not deductible, Profits chargeable to tax, calculation of taxable income from other sources	
5	CALCULATION OF GROSS TOTAL INCOME, TAXABLE INCOME AND TAX LIABILTY - Problems to be based on calculations related to income from salary, income from house property and income from other sources only.	5 + 1

Lea	Learning Resources:					
1.	Reference	1. Income Tax- Direct Taxes- Laws and Practice by Dr. Vinod				
	Books:	and Kapil Singhania, Taxman				
		2. Income Tax Law and Practice, Hariharan, Tata Mc-Graw				
		Hill				
		3. Direct Taxes, Jakhotiya, Himalaya Publications.				
		4. Bare Acts & rules of the relevant taxes, Taxman publication				

Semester	l	Credits	2	
Course Code	106	Course Type	Half Credit Course	
Course Title	Understar	Inderstanding of Financial Statements-Banking		

Course Objectives:				
1	To introduce basic of Banking			
2	To provide in-depth knowledge Accounting statements related to bank			
3	To teach how to interpret the financial statements of Banks			

3 10	teach how to interpret the financial statements of Banks	
Syllabus	s:	
Unit Numbe r	Contents	Number of Session s
1	<ul> <li>BANKS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: BASIC CONCEPTS</li> <li>Introduction to banks financial statements</li> <li>Bank Liabilities</li> <li>Bank Assets</li> <li>Contingent Liabilities</li> <li>The Income Statement</li> </ul>	5 + 1
2	<ul> <li>THE INDIAN BANKING SYSTEM-AN OVERVIEW</li> <li>The Bank Market Structure in India</li> <li>Evolution of Indian Banking</li> </ul>	5 + 1
3	KEY CONCEPTS FOR UNDERSTANDING BANKING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Prime Lending rate, Base rate system, Asset Liability management, Capital adequacy ratio, Cash Reserve Ratio, Statutory Liquidity Ratio, Repo, Reverse Repo, Basis Point, calculation of interest on deposits and loans Risk Management at banks, Credit risk, operational risk, market risk, Basel II norms for risk management Classification of Loans - standard assets, Sub standard assets, Non performing assets, Loss assets, provisioning of loans and its impact on profitability	5 + 1
4	KEY RATIOS TO UNDERSTAND THE PERFORMANCE OF A BANK Understanding Return on average equity, return on average assets, net profit ratio, earning per share, fees to income ratio, cost to income ratio, spread, advances to deposits ratio, debt equity ratio, NPA percentage w.r.t. total assets understanding the calculation of capital adequacy ratio from the annual report	5 + 1

	Calculation of Return on average equity, return on average assets, net profit ratio, earning per share, fees to income ratio, cost to income ratio, spread, advances to deposits ratio, debt equity ratio, NPA percentage w.r.t. total assets from the latest annual reports of the banks	
5	CASE STUDIES	5 + 1

Learn	ing Resources:
1	Management of Banking and Financial Services
	Author: Padmalata Suresh and Justin Paul
	Publisher: Pearson
	Edition: Second
2	Banking Theory Law & Practice
	Author: Guruswamy
	Publisher: Tata Mc-Graw Hill
3	Bank Financial Management
	Author: Indian Institute of Banking & Finance (IIBF)
	Publisher: Macmillan Publishers India (2010)

Semester	II	Credits	3	
Course Code	201	Course Type	Full Credit Course	
Course Title	Financial I	al Instruments and Derivatives		

# Course Objectives:

To provide students with an introduction to the theory and practice of financial
instruments
To develop an understanding of the importance of financial derivatives and
institutional structure of the market

Unit Number	Contents	Number of Sessions
1	Capital and Money Market Financial Instruments: Meaning, definition need and importance ,types of various financial instruments,	7 + 1
2	Money market Instruments: Call/money ,Treasury Bills ,Term money, Certificate of Deposits, Commercial papers, Inter banks term money	7 + 1
3	Capital market instruments: Equity shares, Preference shares, No voting shares, Convertible Cumulative Debentures, Fixed Deposits, Warrants Debentures and Bonds, GDR,ADR	7 + 1
4	Derivatives: Meaning and characteristics ,types of derivatives ,Spot, forward and future contracts, stock index futures, Commodity derivates markets	7 + 1
5	Option Contract :Call and Put option Capital Asset pricing Model, SWAP, Currency derivatives, Risk management in derivatives	7 + 1

Lea	Learning Resources:			
1	Bhole, L.M. Financial Institutions And Markets, TATA Mc Graw-			
	Books	Hill,New Delhi		
		Clifford Gomez, Financial Markets, Institutions and financial		
		Services PHI Learning		
2.	Supplementary	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992		
	Reading	Nabhi Mannual of SEBI Guidelines (1994):Nabhi Publications,		
	Material	New Delhi		
3.	Websites	1.www.nseindia.com		
		2.www.bseindia.com		
		3.www.moneycontrol.com		
4.	Journal	Indian Journal of finance		

Semester	II	Credits	3
Course Code	202	Course Type	Full Credit Course
Course Title	Equity Research with Financial Modeling		

# Course Objectives:

To introduce basic excel functions used in financial modelling.
 To provide in-depth knowledge of building a financial model.
 To teach how to write an equity research report.

Syllabus:

Syllabus		
Unit Number	Contents	Number of Sessions
1.	Equity Research – concept, definition Meaning of Equity Research - Fundamental Analysis, Technical Analysis. Fundamental analysis - Economy analysis, Industry Analysis, Company Analysis, How to write an equity research report & presentation of the report with recommendation?	7 + 1
2.	<b>Financial Modeling – Part 1 –</b> Purpose and uses of financial model, Introduction of excel functions commonly used in financial modeling – lookup & references, Count, Dates, Sum, If statement & its alternative, Financial functions, goal seek& macros, scenario manager, Pivot table, linking workbooks, filtering / sorting & creating charts	7 + 1
3.	<b>Financial Modeling – Part 2</b> - Introduction of financial modeling design, Input all the financial data from the annual report of the company, create a common-size statement and analysis of past performance in excel, trend analysis, creating a sheet for ratio calculation, creating input & forecast assumptions sheet, output & report sheet, sensitivity analysis, Company Valuation – equity stock valuation model – Discounted Cash Flow Method, Relative valuation & Dividend Discount Model	7 + 1
4.	<b>Financial Modeling – Part 3 –</b> data analysis of a company from share market - Concept of oscillators and calculation of oscillators from the data of 5 years prices, High, low, average price moving averages - simple, exponential, rate of change indicators (ROC), relative strength index, (RSI), Moving average convergence and divergence (MACD)	7 + 1
5.	<b>Technical analysis</b> – understanding various charts, chart patterns and decision making using charts	7 + 1

Lea	Learning Resources:			
1	Text Books	1. Mastering Financial Modelling in Excel – Alastair L. Day		
		2. Valuation – AswathDamodaran		
		<ol><li>Financial statement analysis – Gokul Sinha</li></ol>		
2	Reference	1.Corporate Finance – A valuation approach – Simon Z. Benninga,		
	Books	Oded H. Sarig		
		2.Corporate valuation – A guide for managers and investor –		
		Philip R. Daves		
3	Supplementary	<ol> <li>Security Analysis and Portfolio Management – Fisher,</li> </ol>		
	Reading	Jordan		
	Material	2. Equity Research report of various broking firms		
		3. Use of databases from Capital market, ACE Equity, Crisil,		
		and Bloomberg		
4	Websites	1. <u>www.moneycontrol.com</u>		
		2. <u>www.nseindia.com</u>		
		3. <u>www.bseindia.com</u>		
5	Journals	Dalal Street Investment Journal		
		Capital Markets		

Semester	ll	Credits	3
Course Code	203	Course Type	Full Credit Course
Course Title Wealth and Portfolio Management			

Course Objectives:			
1	To understand the concept of Wealth		
2	To understand the concept of Portfolio Management		
3	To understand various tools and methods of evaluating the portfolio		

Syllabu	Syllabus:	
Unit Numb er	Contents	Numbe r of Sessio ns
1	INTRODUCTION TO WEALTH AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT Meaning of wealth and Portfolio Phases of portfolio management evolution of portfolio management role of portfolio management	7 + 1 1 1 1 1
2	MODELS AND THEORIES Efficient Market Theory Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)	7 + 1 2 2
3	<b>PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS &amp; SELECTION</b> Expected return of portfolio, risk of a portfolio Diversification - a tool for reducing risk portfolio having more than two securities	7 + 1
4	PORTFOLIO REVISION Need for revision Meaning of portfolio revision Constraints, strategies, plans for revision	7 + 1
5	PORTFOLIO EVALUATION Need, meaning Differential return, Decomposition of performance	7 + 1

Learning Res	Learning Resources:			
1 Text Books	Portfolio Management : S Kevin,			
2 Reference Books	Investments – An Introduction, Herbert B Mayo, Thomson South-Western Investment Management, V A Avadhani, Himalaya Publishing House Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, Punithavathy Pandian, Vikas Damodaran on Valuations, Ashwath Damodaran, Wiley			

		Stock Exchanges, Investments and Derivatives, V Raghunathan, PrabinaRajib, Tata McGraw Hill
3	Suppleme ntary Reading Material	Financial Statement Analysis, Security Analysis and Portfolio Management – Fisher, Jordan Investments: Principles and concepts, Jones, Wiley Analysis of Investments & management of Portfolio, Reilly & Brown, Cengage Learning Investment Management (Security Analysis and Portfolio management)
		<ul> <li>V K Bhalla</li> <li>Capital Markets and Dalal Street Magazine</li> </ul>
4	Websites	www.moneycontrol.com, www.nseindia.com/education/content/education.htm, www.bseindia.com, http://money.msn.com/, www.valueresearchonline.com/, http://topics.bloomberg.com/india/
5	Journals	Journal of Finance, Global Finance Journal, Journal of Property Valuation and Investment, Review of Financial Economics, The Journal of Private Equity, Journal of Property Valuation and Investment, Journal of Financial Economics etc

Semester		Credits	3
Course Code	204	Course Type	Full Credit Course
Course Title Risk a		urance Management	

Course Objectives:				
1	To introduce basic of insurance			
2	To provide in-depth knowledge risk management and insurance			
3	To teach how to interpret the risk factors in insurance			

3 1	o teach now to interpret the risk factors in insurance				
Syllab	Syllabus:				
Unit Numbe	Contents	Number of Sessions			
1	<ul> <li>INSURANCE COMPANIES</li> <li>Insurance-Definition and concept</li> <li>Loss, chance of Loss, Peril, Hazard and Proximate Cause</li> <li>Types of insurance companies</li> <li>Other legal forms of Insurance Companies</li> </ul>	7 + 1			
2	<ul> <li>INSURANCE REGULATION</li> <li>Insurance Regulatory Act 2000 (India)</li> <li>Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority</li> </ul>	7 + 1			
3	INSURANCE PRICING <ul> <li>Pricing objective</li> <li>Types of Rating</li> <li>Rating consideration</li> <li>Rate making in General Insurance</li> </ul>	7 + 1			
4	<ul> <li>RISK MANAGEMENT</li> <li>Risk management function</li> <li>Risk management process</li> <li>Risk management in Insurance companies</li> <li>Evaluation of risk in Insurance Services</li> </ul>	7 + 1			
5	<ul> <li>THE INSURANCE MARKET: THE ECONOMIC PROBLEM</li> <li>Economic Theory- Supply And Demand, Historic Problems</li> <li>The Insurance Consumer-Consumer's choices, Company, Agent or Broker, Policy, Amount and Price</li> <li>Consumer Protection: the role of courts, the law and insurance commissioners.</li> </ul>	7 + 1			
Refere	nce Books:				
1	Risk Management and Insurance , Author: Mark. S. Dorfman, Publishe Eastern Economy Edition, PHI Learning Private Ltd				
2	Indian Insurance Industry-Transition and Prospects, Author- D. C. Shr Shashank SrivastavPublisher: New Centaury Publication	ivastav ,			
3	The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act LAW COMMISSION OF INDIA				

Semester		Credits	3
Course Code	205	Course Type	Full Credit Course
Course Title	Project Work		

During the Second Semester each student shall undertake a *Project*. The student shall submit a written structured report based on work done during this period.

Project may be research project – based on primary / secondary data or may be an operational assignment involving working by the student on a given task / assignment / project / etc. in an organization.

Since most students enrolled for the PGDFS programme are expected to be working students, such working students may complete the Project at their workplace.

The report should be well documented and supported by -

- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Organizational profile
- 3. Outline of the problem/task undertaken
- 4. Research methodology & data analysis (in case of research projects)
- 5. Relevant activity charts, tables, graphs, diagrams,
- 6. Learning of the student through the project
- 7. Contribution to the host organization
- 8. References in appropriate styles.

It should reflect the nature and quantum of work undertaken by the student. *The learning outcomes and utility to the organization must be specifically highlighted.* The completion of the Project shall be certified by the Faculty Guide & approved by the Director of the Institute. The external organization shall also certify the Project work. The student shall submit **TWO hard copies & one soft copy (CD)** of the project report before 31<sup>st</sup> March in Sem II.

In the interest of environmental considerations, students are encouraged to print their project reports on both faces of the paper.

There shall be an external viva-voce for the Project for 100 marks. The examiner's panel for the same shall include one external faculty member nominated by the University and one internal faculty member nominated by the Director.

The External viva-voce panel shall evaluate the project based on:

- 1. Actual work undertaken by the student
- 2. Student's understanding of the organization and business environment
- 3. Outcome of the project
- 4. Utility of the project to the organization
- 5. Basic analytical capabilities